

ESG Investment Policy

This Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) policy applies to TCI's investments in publicly traded equities.

Investment Approach

As part of our investment process we assess a range of ESG factors, particularly climate change risk.

TCI believes that climate change-related risks, in particular a company's greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, will have a material effect on a company's long-term profitability, sustainability and investor returns. These risks include regulation, taxation, competitive disadvantage, brand impairment, financing, physical asset impairment and litigation.

Engagement

We actively engage on ESG to help us understand, quantify and influence a company's exposure to climate change-related risks and the way it is managing those risks.

Emissions Disclosure

We require companies in which we invest to make appropriate and timely public disclosure of carbon and other GHG emissions. Such disclosure should include targets for emissions intensity reduction and absolute level reduction.

TCI fully supports compulsory disclosure on a standardised basis and the use of the Task Force on Climate–related Financial Disclosure (TCFD) reporting framework (<u>www.tcfdhub.org</u>).

In our view, reporting to CDP (<u>www.CDP.net</u>) is the best way to implement TCFD. We expect all our portfolio companies to make full annual public disclosure to CDP.

Low-Carbon Transition Plans

We expect companies in which we invest to have a credible, publicly-disclosed plan to reduce GHG emissions. This plan should include measurable science-based targets that align with the Paris Agreement, which requires full de-carbonisation of economies (net zero emissions) by 2050.

Actions that should be included in a low-carbon transition plan are:

- 1. Change business processes to reduce the company's carbon footprint;
- 2. Introduce efficient energy management into buildings and factories;
- 3. Source low carbon energy through direct generation or power purchase agreements;
- 4. De-carbonise transport fleets, e.g. through electric vehicles;
- 5. Offset emissions from corporate travel, e.g. through afforestation;
- 6. De-carbonise supply chains and helping customers lower their carbon intensity;
- 7. Advocate for regulations which drive the de-carbonisation of their industry to ensure its sustainability.

Voting

1) We will typically vote against all directors of companies which do not publicly disclose their emissions and do not have a credible plan for their reduction.

2) We will also vote against auditors where the Annual Report and Accounts fail to report material climate risks.

Divestment

We will also evaluate divestment where a portfolio company refuses to disclose its emissions and does not have a credible plan for their reduction.

Investor Reporting

On an annual basis, we will disclose to all of our investors how we vote and report on ESG performance of our portfolio companies.

Asset Management Industry

TCI believes that all investors should support mandatory GHG emissions disclosure by large companies and require them to adopt credible low carbon transition plans.

Investors should influence such disclosure and emissions management by voting against boards which hide their emissions and have no credible plan for their reduction. Asset owners should fire investment managers who do not do so.

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